

IN THE SPECIFICATIONExample 2**I. Preparation of a PBBMA-AO suspension**

A suspension of Antimony Oxide was prepared as follows. To a 3-liter round bottom flask, fitted with a mechanical stirrer, were added water (240 ml), NP-6 (1 ml) (Nonylphenol ethoxylate), and Darvan #1 (Naphthalenesulfonic acid formaldehyde condensate, sodium salt) (30 g). Finely ground antimony oxide, Ultrafine grade with typical average particle size of $0.2\mu\text{m}$ - $0.4\mu\text{m}$. (AO, 750 g) was slowly added under fast stirring, 400-600 rpm. The stirrer was slowed, 50-150 rpm and a 1.5% solution of Rhodopol 23 Xanthan Gum (CAS N° 11138-66-2) with preserving agents - 1% Methyl Paraben, methyl-4-hydroxybenzoate, (CAS N° 99-76-3) and 0.5% Propyl Paraben, propyl-4-hydroxybenzoate, (CAS N° 94-13-3) were added (115 ml).

The mixed PBBMA-AO suspension was prepared as follows. To a slowly stirred, 40 rpm, suspension of PBBMA (750 ml) at 25°C-30°C, obtained as described in Example 1, was added the AO suspension (250 ml) as described above. After five minutes, stirring was stopped, yielding a homogeneous mixture.